Subject Code : C1

2021

ENGLISH

Full Marks: 90 Pass Marks: 27

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

SECTION-A

1. (a)	Choose the meaning of the underlined word in the following sentence from among the alternatives given in the brackets:	1
	Send me the rest, since I need it very much.	
	(relaxing/remaining part/remaining idle)	
<i>(b)</i>	State whether the following statements are True or False:	2
	(1) Lencho was a trader.	
• •	(it) Lencho was a farmer.	
(c)	Choose the correct answer from among the alternatives given and complete the sentence:	1
-	The field was white, as if covered with	
	(i) snow	
	(ii) flour	
,	(iii) salt	
2. Ho	w many cups of tea are drunk everyday throughout the world?	1
3. Wr	rite the names of two patriots before Mandela.	=2
4. W	hy did Lencho go out when the big drops of rain were falling?	2
5. Wi	ho is the writer of <i>Tea from Assam</i> ? Who is Mr. Barua mentioned the lesson?	=2
6. W	hy did Lencho become angry when he counted the money?	1

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₹.	Previous is in observation of i	indivisible.* nis?	How	does	Mandala	explain	this	2
Š	What does Man brave man?	dela mean b	v cours	we? W	ho, accordi	ng to him	, is a 1+1≈2	2
9.	What does Mar	ndela say ab	out the	e inaug	guration ga	thering?	2	?
10.	10. Give a description of Dhekiabari Tea Estate as seen by Rajvir. 3							
	•							
		5.	ECTIO	N—B				
11. Choose from the box given below the words that rhyme with the following: 1×2=2								
			wagon,	ink				
		cannon, c	lragon,	ring, b	link, king			
12. Where should the tiger be snarling around and how should it be terrorising the village? 1+1=2								
13	. Why did Cus	stard cry for	a new	cage?		4,	2	
14	I. "He stalks in Who is mean stripes"?			ve line	? What is n	neant by	vivid 1+1=2	
1	5. How did Cu	stard the Dra	agon at	tack th	e pirate?		2	1

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16.	What	t is meant by 'quiet rage'?	1
17.	Whei	re did Belinda live?	1
		SECTION—C	
18.	(a)	Briefly describe how Ausable defeated Max's scheme to take away the report.	5
		Or	
	(b)	How does Ausable make Max believe that there is a balcony attached to his room?	5
19.	(a)	Briefly describe the extraordinary behaviour of Mrs. Hall's furniture.	5
		Or	
	<i>(b)</i>	Who was Griffin? Why and how did he become invisible? How did he become a homeless wanderer? 1+2+2	2=5
		SECTION—D	
20.	Fill dete	in the blanks in the following sentences with right erminers:	4=2
	(a)	Mr. Barua is a man of words,	
	<i>(b)</i>	Ms. Manisha married European gentleman.	
	(c)	I want only encouragement from you.	
	(d)	of the participants will be given a certificate.	
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21.	Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition from among the choices given in the brackets:					
	(a)	They are sitting the dining table.				
			(on/at/upo	n)		
	(b)	Ravi is senior me by two years.				
			(from/than/t	o)		
	(c)	He was prevented going to Delhi.				
			(for / from / with	h)		
	(d)	Flour is made wheat.				
			(from/by/with	h)		
22.	2. Rewrite the sentences given below putting the verbs in the brackets in their correct tense form:					
	(a)	He (ring) the bell when I was reading.				
	<i>(b)</i>	Nobody (know) where he lives.				
	(c) ₍	The guests (arrive) before the dinner was	set.			
23.	Cha	nge the narration of the following:		1×2=2		
	(a) Mitali asked me if I had a pen to spare.					
	<i>(b)</i>	Mother said to Rafique, "Do not keep evil life."	l company in you	ur		
24.	Cha	nge the voice of the following sentences:		1×2=2		
•	(a)	Shakespeare wrote the play, Hamlet.				
	(b)	My pen has been stolen.				

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- 25. Combine each of the following pairs of sentences into a single $1 \times 2 = 2$ sentence: He is not sincere. He is not honest. The earth moves round the sun. Everybody knows it. (b)26. Choose the correct alternatives from the choices given in the brackets and rewrite the sentences: $1 \times 2 = 2$ Nobody likes his (child-like / childish) behaviour. The two men arrived at an (amiable / amicable) settlement. *(b)* 27. Make sentences to illustrate the meaning of any two of the following: $1 \times 2 = 2$ deal in, bring up, put up, look after 28. Correct any three of the following sentences: $1 \times 3 = 3$ (a) Haren was appointed in the post. **(b)** It is raining since last night. (c)How much money you need? Five kilograms are not so heavy to carry. (d)
 - (e) The old man died from COVID-19.

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SECTION—E

29. Translate into English (any one group) of the following: 1×6=6

Assamese

- (a) অসমৰ চাহপাত জগত বিখ্যাত।
- মানুহজন সিমান চহকীও নহয় নাইবা সিমান দুখীয়াও নহয়।
- (c) গুৱাহাটীত এখন চিৰিয়াখানা আছে।
- (d) ৰমেন ক'ত থাকে তৃমি জানানে?
- (e) চোৰটোক গাঁৱৰ পৰা খেদি দিয়া হৈছিল।
- (f) ৰূপ সোণৰ সমান মূল্যবান নহয়।

Bengali

- (a) আসামের চা বিশ্ববিখ্যাত।
- (b) মানুষটি এত ধনীও নয় বা এত গরীবও নয়।
- (c) গুয়াহাটীতে একটি চিড়িয়াখানা আছে।
- (d) রমেন কোথায় থাকে তা কি তৃমি জানো?
- (e) চোরটিকে গ্রাম থেকে তাড়িয়ে দেওয়া হয়েছিলো।
- (f) রূপা সোনার মতো দামী নয়।

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Bodo

- (a) आसामनि साहा बिलाइया मुलुगनाङै मुंदांखा।
- (b) मानसिया बारा दोहोनिबो नङा बारा निखावरिबो नङा।
- (c) गुवाहाटीयाव गंसे जुनारसालि दं।
- (d) रमेना बबेयाव थायो नों मिथिगौना?
- (e) सिखावखौ गामिनिफ्राय होखारहरनाय जार्दोमोन।
- (f) रुफाया सनानि समान बेसेनगोनां नङा।

Hindi

- (a) अंसम की चाय विश्व-विख्यात है।
- (b) वह व्यक्ति न उतना धनी है, न उतना गरीब।
- (c) गुवाहाटी में एक चिड़ियाघर (चिड़ियाखाना) है।
- (d) रमेन कहाँ रहता है क्या तुम जानते हो?
- (e) चोर को गाँव से बाहर भगा दिया गया था।
- चौंदी (रूपा) सोने की तरह मूल्यवान् नहीं है।

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Hmar

- (a) Assam thingpui hi khawvel a inthang anih.
- (b) Hi mipa hi a hausa taluo naw a a rethei new tower
- (c) Guwahati a zoo a um.
- (d) Ramen chengna i hriet am?
- (e) Rukru chu khuo a inthawkin an hnawt suok tah. https://www.assamboard.com
- (f) Tangkaruo chu rangkachak angin a hlu naw.

Mizo

- (a) Assam thingpui hi khawvelah a hmingthang.
- (b) Saw pa saw a hausa lova a rethei bawk heklo.
- (c) Guwahati-ah sa-huan a awm.
- (d) Ramen khawsakna i hria em?



- (e) Rukru chu khua aṭangin a inkhalh chhuak.
- (f) Silver hi rangkachak angin a hlu lo.

Manipuri

- (α) অসামগী চা অসি মালেমদা মমীং চৎলি।
- (b) নুপা অসি য়য়য়ৢ ইনাকখুদে অদুগা য়য়য়ৢ লাইরদে।
- (c) গুৱাহাতিদা শায়োকশঙ অমা লৈ।
- (d) রমেনগী লৈফম কদাইদনো হায়বা নঙ খঙ্বা?
- (e) হরানবদু খুল লানা তাছোকয়ে।
- (f) লুপা হায়বসি সনাগুয়া মমল লৈতে।

Garo

- (a) Assam-ni chako a gilsako mingsinga.
- (b) Ia mande man eba cha ja, kangalba ong ja.
- (c) Guwahati-o damsa chiriakana donga.
- (d) Ramen bano donga uko na a u iama?
- (e) Cha ugipako songoniko rikalataha.
- (f) Rupa sonana bate gamchatbatja.

Khasi

- (a) U slasha na Assam u dei uba pawnam bha ha pyrthei.
- (b) U briew um dei uba da riewspah eh lymne uba duk.
- (k) Ka don ka jaka rim rad ha Guwahati.
- (d) Phi tip hangno u sah u Ramen?
- (e) U nongtuh u la shah beh shnong.
- (g) Ka rupa kam da shongdor eh kat ka ksiar.

Nepali

- (a) आसामको चिया विश्व-प्रसिद्ध छ।
- (b) त्यो मानिस धेरै धनी पनि होइन र धेरै गरिब पनि होइन।
- (c) गुवाहाटीमा एउटा चिडियाघर छ।
- (d) रमेन कहाँ बस्छन तिमी जान्दछौ?
- (e) स्यो चोरलाई गाउँबाट निकाला गरिएको थियो।
- (f) चाँदी, सुनभन्दा महस्र्गो होइन।

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Urdu

Or

Give the substance of the following passage:

Examinations are an integral part of academic life. They have been the traditional and conventional ways of testing a person's talent, level of understanding and his range of study. One's performance in examinations generally determines one's ability and career prospects.

Examinations are there in the schools, colleges and universities to be faced by one to prove his/her learning abilities. Examinations are there to be faced to get oneself selected for any employment. Even the university toppers need to pass all-India level competitive examinations to get themselves selected to any administrative service. Such being the importance of examinations, one should face them with proper preparation and conviction. One should not take the consolation from the old adage, "failures are the pillars of success". No doubt, repeated failures help one in gathering experience. But it must not be forgotten that student life covers a

6

limited period of time in our life. Since student life provides the basis for a future career, one should take it seriously and try to come out successful in the successive examinations. Good results in examinations ensure a better prospect in future life.

- 30. Write, in about 150 words, an essay on any one of the following topics:
- 6

- (a) Obedience to Parents
- (b) COVID-19
- (c) Spring Season in Assam

Or

Write a story in about 150 words using the outlines given below and add a title to it:

6

A speedy car hit an old man—escaped—the old man was grievously injured—a crowd of people gathered—spoke about the evils of rash driving—no one bothered to help the injured man—two school boys arrived—took the old man to the nearest hospital.

31. Answer either (a) or (b):

- 5
- (a) Suppose you are the General Secretary of the Students' Union of your school. Write an application to the Headmaster/Principal requesting him to grant a half-holiday to enable the students to enjoy a cricket match that will start at 1 p.m. in the school field.
- (b) Write a report for a local daily on the information given below:
 - (i) 15-03-2021

•

- (ii) Nalbari, 2.30 p.m.
- (iii) Devastating fire near Bata Chawk
- (iv) More than ten shops gutted
- (v) Firefighters and local people doused the fire
- (vi) Property worth about three crores burnt to ashes—no human life lost

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32. (a) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Electric power has proved itself to be the life-force of modern civilization all over the world. As the body of any animal, including man, is kept animated by the life-force, so is the modern civilization kept animated by electric power. Michael Faraday discovered electric power. After him many scientists contributed to gathering electric power from various sources for its use for different purposes. Now-a-days, power is tapped from various sources. Among them hydropower projects and thermal power projects are widely prevalent. In hydroelectric power projects wheels are run with the help of water currents of rivers and streams. The wheels propelled by water current generate electric power. In thermal power projects, electric power is generated by burning coal. Portable generators also produce electric power when they are run burning diesel or kerosene. Since recent times electric power is gathered from sunshine and wind also.

(i) Who discovered electric power?

. 1

(ii) How is electric power generated through hydroelectric power projects?

2

2

(iii) What are the other sources of generating electric power?

Name at least two sources.

(b) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Tenth May dawned bright and clear. For the past few days I had been pleasantly besieged by dignitaries and world leaders who were coming to pay their respects before the inauguration. The inauguration would be the largest gathering ever of international leaders on South African soil.

The ceremonies took place in (the lovely sandstone amphitheatre formed by the Union Buildings in Pretoria.) For decades this had been the seat of white supremacy, and now it

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was the site of a rainbow gathering of different colours and nations for the installation of South Africa's first democratic, non-racial government.

(i) Where were the Union Buildings situated?

1

- (ii) How did the speaker remain busy during the 'past few days'? Why were the dignitaries and world leaders coming? 1+1=2
- (iii) What was the seat of white supremacy for decades? 2

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